

## REDUCED COUNCIL WAS GUNST'S PLAN

Recommended Salaried Bicameral  
Body of Thirteen Four  
Years Ago.

## AKIN TO POWERS'S SCHEME

Remarkable Coincidence Revealed  
by Document Long Buried  
in City Hall Archives.

Alderman Powers, it appears, is not alone in his advocacy of the plan to vest the government of Richmond in a small paid council. His statement to The Times-Dispatch on Thursday, outlining a scheme of government by a reduced council of eleven members, has aroused wide discussion in local political circles and has incidentally unearthed the fact that four years ago Alderman Mary Gunst, of the first ward, recommended to the City Council for ratification an almost identical plan of government.

The Gunst proposition was the outgrowth of a movement begun in the fall of 1909, having for its object a radical change from the system of government then in vogue. The movement culminated in the appointment of a special joint committee on forms of government, charged with the duty of reporting to the Council what, in its opinion, was the best form of government for the city of Richmond to adopt.

The committee, headed by John A. Cutchins, chairman, reported, after conducting an exhaustive investigation, and recommended the creation of an administrative committee, to exercise the same general powers now vested in the Administrative Board. It provided, however, that such committee shall consist of four members, and that the Mayor shall be an ex-officio member, with the right of vote in case of tie.

**Gunst in Minority.**  
Alderman Gunst, a member of the committee, filed a minority report, in which he opposed the recommendation calling for the creation of an administrative committee, on the ground that such a plan would add another wheel to the governmental machinery and create four new positions at large salaries without materially increasing all the force of administration under one head.

As a substitute for the committee plan, Mr. Gunst recommended a reduced bicameral council, charged with the same general duties given to it under the plan outlined by Alderman Powers last week. The following report of the committee on the Gunst minority report, which was adopted by the Council, is interesting chiefly as indicating his prophetic eye in outlining four years ago a scheme of government which is receiving wide discussion today.

"I favor a bicameral Council, but with a smaller number of members to compose the same than at present, these members to be paid a salary not less than \$2,000, nor more than \$3,000 each per annum."

**Council of Thirteen.**  
"I favor a reduction of the number of wards in the city from seven to four, and the election of one member of the Common Council from each ward, and one Alderman from each ward and one Alderman and the president of the Board of Aldermen from the city at large, and two members of the Common Council and one member of the Board of Aldermen from the city at large, making the total number in both branches thirteen—six members of the Board of Aldermen and seven members of the Common Council."

"I favor that the heads of each department shall be advisory to each branch of the Council, shall be permitted to take part in the proceedings, but shall not have the right of vote."

**Abolish Committees.**  
"Under my plan I favor the abolition of standing committees of the Council. The Council, having a small membership in each branch, can act with dispatch and at the same time with sufficient promptness and dispatch on all matters requiring their attention without the aid of such committees, and this, in my opinion, will be helpful in securing the harmony and cooperation in the several departments of the city, which, under committee supervision and control, has often been sadly lacking. And while opposed to standing committees under said plan, I will state that I am not opposed to, but favor the appointment of special committees for the consideration of emergency and other special matters, when necessary."

"I believe that a purchasing agent for the city whose actions will be subject to the approval of the Council at all times will result in great saving and benefit to the city. Under the new plan I favor the creation of this office."

"The above conclusions, although roughly outlined, can be effectually worked out, in my judgment, if adopted, will be to the best interests of the city of Richmond."

**Plans Much Alike.**  
The plan sketched by Alderman Powers, while it differs from the plan in point of the size of the paid Council, and further in the creation of boards of public safety, public works, and finance, resembles it closely enough to afford a striking instance of independent lines of thought and arriving practically at the same conclusions.

Alderman Gunst's scheme, as well as the administrative committee plan of the Cutchins committee, were both laid on the table by the City Council, and have resided side by side peacefully for four years in the City Hall archives. During the year following the agitation was begun for the creation of an Administrative Board, with a result that is contemporary history.

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Oldest Music House in Virginia and North Carolina.

## NONMAGNETIC SHIP ENDS LONG VOYAGE

Gigantic Task to Make Complete  
Survey of World Two-Thirds  
Done.

Washington, December 28.—When the nonmagnetic yacht Carnegie dropped anchor at Brooklyn, N. Y., December 19, concluding a voyage of more than three years, the gigantic task undertaken by the Carnegie Institution of Washington eight years ago to make a complete magnetic survey of the globe was two-thirds accomplished. Already nearly all data gathered in nearly 150,000 miles of voyaging is in the hands of hydrographers, and much of it now is in use by shipmasters of all the seven seas.

Professor L. A. Bauer, director of the department of terrestrial magnetism of the institution, and originator of the project for the survey, has prepared his report for 1913, which he made public today. It includes data gathered on the voyage of the Carnegie, and a chart showing the wanderings of that vessel and the Galileo, her predecessor in the work.

Through every sea where the steamship route lies, the track winds and twists. In every part of the world the accuracy of the compass was tested by "twining the ship" and passing her through the circle of the compass card to prove up the correctness of the readings.

On the ship's charts all inaccuracies of regular navigation compass points have been noted, and the institution now is prepared to furnish shipmasters in any part of the world with true compass readings, against which their own instruments may be checked.

## STEAMER ASHORE IN DANGEROUS WAY

Mme. Nordica and San Francisco  
Exposition Commissioners on  
Board Vessel.

Brisbane, Australia, December 28.—The Dutch steamer Tasman is ashore in a dangerous position on Bramble Cay, Gulf of Papua, according to a wireless to Thursday's Island. Steamers have been dispatched to the Tasman's assistance. The vessel carries numerous passengers, including Mme. Nordica, and other passengers on board are Alva Adams, former Governor of Colorado, and Thomas G. Stallsmith, of California, members of the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission, who have been touring Australia in the interest of the exposition.

## WOMAN A SLICK FOOTPAD.

Asks Man for a Match, and Gets Away  
With It.

Williamsville, Del., December 28.—Nathaniel J. Davis, aged sixty-seven years, of 708 Poplar Street, was approaching his home last night when a woman asked him to light a cigarette. As he extended a hand toward her she caught him by the shoulder, dragged him into an alley, and, before Davis realized what was happening, had stolen his pocketbook, which contained several dollars, and fled. The police were notified, but Davis could not say whether the woman was white or colored.

## ABANDONED BARK BURNED

Captain and Crew Landed at Pensacola  
by Fishing Schooner.

Pensacola, Fla., December 28.—The captain and crew of the British bark Sirdar landed here today by a fishing schooner, reported that their vessel in a sinking condition had been abandoned in the Gulf yesterday, and then burned as a peril to navigation. The Sirdar was bound from Mobile to Port of Spain and carried 600,000 feet of lumber. She was the property of a firm in New Orleans.

The bark shifted her deck load and began to take water during a storm on Christmas Eve. Efforts of the crew to right her were futile, and when the fishing schooner sighted her yesterday, she was nearly full of water.

## PLAN LUNCH HIGH IN AIR.

Wireless Tower-Builders to Have  
Unique Holiday Feast.

New Brunswick, N. J., December 28.—Foreman Holland and five employees at the big Marconi wireless station under construction just outside this city, are to eat their New Year's dinner on the chilly top of the first of the 130-foot towers. It was completed yesterday.

The towers have been erected by employment of movable platforms, which the men raise with the progress of the structure, the platform encircling the towers and the men standing on the platform the men will eat, while the top of the tower will be their table.

## SUCCESS OF LAW SEEKS ASSURED

Many Banks Notify Officials of  
Intention to Enter New Reserve System.

## CAREFULLY STUDY TERMS

Division of Country Into Districts Is Next Important Step.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, December 28.—A hundred or more of letters and telegrams from banks throughout the country reached the Treasury Department today. They were casually inspected by Private Secretary Cooke, and will be properly entered to-morrow. They are voluntary declarations of intention to enter the new currency system.

While the promptness with which national banks have communicated with the department is encouraging and presages the complete success of the new system, exaggerated reports have been sent out from here concerning the action of banks throughout the country. Instead of the 1,000 banks reported up to the close of business last night, exactly 438 national banks and thirty-two state banks and trust companies had communicated with the organization committee, signifying their purpose to enter the new system. This would indicate that the majority of the banks are studying the new law and acting in accord with the conservatism which usually characterizes the conduct of the average bank official.

**Not So Many State Banks.**  
Treasury officials would be better pleased if state banks and trust companies were a little more responsive. In some of the States, it is questionable whether, unless State laws are changed, institutions holding State charters can become a part of the new system. It was pointed out to-day in New York, the law forbids a bank to be organized under a State charter, while holding any stock in a corporation. In order to obtain the benefits of the new currency system and become a member bank, the State banks of New York would be required to subscribe to the State stock of the reserve banks in the same proportion that national banks are required to subscribe. Legal inquiry probably will be instituted to ascertain if stock in a reserve bank is stock that would come within the prohibition of the State laws.

The division of the country by the organization committee into eight, ten or twelve Federal reserve districts will involve knowledge and consideration of the currents of commercial and financial centers, rather than mere geography. There is a strong disposition to consider geography, although the new law expressly provides that in fixing the districts State lines need not be adhered to, and account shall be taken of trade movements.

**Natural Barriers Influence.**  
It is pointed out that the natural barriers of lake, river and mountains have influenced trade currents, as have the artificial barriers of State lines. Boston dominates New England commercially and financially, except Connecticut, which, for some reason, has attached itself to New York. Chicago dominates Northern Illinois and Iowa, but St. Louis has the supremacy in Southern Illinois. St. Louis has attempted in vain to wrest from Kansas City the control in the West. St. Louis, on the other hand, absolutely dominates south through the Mississippi Valley, where it comes into conflict with New Orleans.

The difficulty of selection increases with the number of districts, and the number of districts may be unnecessarily multiplied as the result of city rivalries. This is the first great question the organization committee has before it. Its determination will not be reached until the return of the committee from the trip that is to begin January 2, and which will continue throughout the next two months.

**Will Notify Banks To-Day.**  
Washington, December 28.—Copies of the Federal reserve act, the resolution to be adopted by banks which wish to enter the system, and the blank form for use of applicants for membership will be mailed to-morrow to every national bank in the United States.

There are 7,500 national banks in the country, and since the time limit for their entrance into the system was set by Congress at sixty days, Treasury officials will bend all their energies to-morrow to give them this sort of formal notification of the enactment of the law. The other 5,000 banks in the United States will be notified as soon as the national bank list has been completed. There is no time limit upon banks of the latter classification.

The physical effort to get 7,500 envelopes and pieces of paper ready to post by to-morrow night will tax the Treasury Department's resources. A special force of trained men will be put to work early in the day, however, and the organization committee hopes it will be able to finish the task by nightfall.

Scores of telegrams from applicant banks continued to reach the Treasury to-day.

## WOMEN NEED NOT SUFFER

ORANGEINE

(POWERS)  
assist nature through the  
ever known and always  
therefore, nature's remedy.  
Take as directed.

SOLD AT ALL DRUGGISTS  
10c, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

## CALL ON CONGRESS TO INVESTIGATE

Chicago Unionists Blame Mine  
Owners for Tragedy on  
Christmas Eve.

## DIRECT CHARGE BY TANNER

Declares Man Who Called "Fire"  
Wore Citizens' Alliance  
Button.

Chicago, December 28.—An appeal to Congress to investigate conditions in the copper country of Michigan was made to-day by the Chicago Federation of Labor, in resolutions which directly charged owners of the mines and their agents with being responsible for the tragedy of Christmas Eve in Calumet, Mich., when seventy-two persons lost their lives.

The resolutions also charged that Houghton County is under a government by gunmen, under orders of the mine owners, and that Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, was assaulted, shot and driven out of Hancock by thugs and gunmen.

The announcement that the Western Federation of Miners will concentrate its strength on the copper strike was made by Yanco Terlich, a member of the executive board. Every member of the board, he said, plans to go to the copper mining region next week. "We are going to win that strike or break up the organization," he said. "As soon as Mr. Moyer is able, he will be back there as the leader."

Charles J. Tanner, auditor of the Western Federation, who with Moyer was escorted from Hancock, stirred the fire against the Citizens' Alliance.

"We have ample evidence," he said. "Half a dozen witnesses will testify that the man who called 'Fire' in Italian Hall wore a Citizens' Alliance button."

**Resolutions Adopted.**  
It was at the conclusion of the speeches that the resolutions were adopted. The resolutions related to conditions of labor of the miners, declared that representatives of both State and national governments, after investigation, had found that the miners had a real grievance, and added that: "Since July 23 two of the striking miners, while peacefully in their own homes, were foully and cowardly murdered in cold blood by the imported murderers, gunmen and thugs brought there by the copper mine owners to drive the striking miners back to the mines like slaves, and."

"Whereas these imported desperadoes have also shot a part of a little girl's head off, brutally beaten up the striking miners, their women and children, abused and insulted them as part of their everyday work, and"

"Whereas, as a direct result of the determination of Shaw, Agassiz and other owners of the copper mines to prevent the organization of their slaves for self-protection and to persecute and drive union leaders and agitators from the copper country, so many human lives were lost on Christmas Eve, many of them being children of the striking miners; and"

"Whereas the blood of these innocent children is upon the hands of the mine owners, who first tried to starve the parents into submission and slavery, and then, after the calamity, tried to force upon the suffering families their bloody alms; and"

"Whereas citizens of Houghton County, together with imported thugs and gunmen, brutally assaulted and shot Charles H. Moyer, president, and Charles J. Tanner, auditor, of the Western Federation of Miners, and by force and at the point of guns drove both Moyer and Tanner from Houghton County and the State of Michigan; and"

"Resolved, That the assembled citizens of the United States appeal, as a last resort, to the Congress of the United States to investigate conditions in the copper country of Michigan, to the end that the people of this country may know the truth, and that all citizens may be protected in their rights guaranteed by the Constitution."

## WANT IMMEDIATE INVESTIGATION.

Hancock, Mich., December 28.—Immediate investigation of the tragedy of the copper country of Michigan, and the deportation of Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, will be sought by the federation.

O. N. Hilton, of Denver, head of counsel for the organization, arrived to-day and at once went into consultation with the local leaders, who have been gathering evidence as to the identity of the men who escorted the federation's executive to a Chicago-bound train on Friday night.

"The special grand jury which Judge O'Brien, of the Circuit Court, called two weeks ago, is, I understand, to reconvene to-morrow," said Mr. Hilton to-night. "I shall ask George Nichols, special prosecutor in charge of the strike investigations, to present our evidence to the grand jurymen."

Mr. Hilton said he came here at the request of Mr. Moyer.

The action of the men who deported Moyer was endorsed by employees of the Copper Range Consolidated Mines office. Meetings of these men were held at T. M. Moore, Baltic and Painesdale, to adopt resolutions of sympathy with families bereaved by the Calumet disaster of Christmas Eve. In addition to this, the meetings condemned the funeral of federation men to accept relief offered by the citizens' committee.

Only one additional arrest was reported among the employees of the Tyomies, the Finnish newspaper, whose

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ever known and always  
therefore, nature's remedy.  
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Because—This wonderful vessel has made history through three centuries. She marked the beginning and the end of England's monstrous penal system.

BECAUSE—She has held lurid horrors and dreadful iniquities, beside which even the terrible stories of the Black Hole of Calcutta and the Spanish Inquisition pale into insignificance.

BECAUSE—She is the oldest ship in the world and the only convict ship left afloat of that dreadful fleet of ocean hells which sailed the seven seas in 1790 A. D.

BECAUSE—She is unchanged after all these years, nothing being omitted but her human freight and their sufferings from cruelties and barbarities practiced upon them.

BECAUSE—Aboard her are now shown, in their original state, all the Airless Dungeons and Condemned Cells, the Whipping Posts, the Manacles, the Branding Irons, the Punishment Balls, the Leaden-Tipped Cat-o'-Nine-Tails, the Coffin Bath and other fiendish inventions of man's brutality to his fellow-man.

BECAUSE—From keel to topmast she cries aloud the greatest lesson the world has ever known in the history of human progress.

The Convict Ship's stay in Richmond is now drawing to a close. When she has gone she will never return. Are you really going to miss seeing her? Wealthy Americans spend millions yearly in Europe visiting old castles and their prison dungeons. To-day a 5-cent car fare brings you alongside of the oldest and most notorious prison the world has ever known. You owe yourself and dear ones the study of this lesson in the betterment of the age.

## During the Remaining Days of the Ship's Stay Here the Price of Admission Will Be 25 Cents

OPEN DAILY 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.

editors were made the subjects of warrants sworn out by Sheriff James Cruise yesterday. Some twenty of the warrants were issued, but only five have been served.

Charges of conspiracy to publish and the actual publication of statements calculated to incite riotous assemblages was the basis of the warrants.

## THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Rain on the coast, rain or snow in interior Monday and probably Tuesday.  
North Carolina—Rain Monday and probably Tuesday.

Special Local Data for Yesterday.	
12 noon temperature.....	46
3 P. M. temperature.....	49
Maximum temperature.....	50
P. M. minimum.....	43
Minimum temperature.....	39
P. M. minimum.....	25
Mean temperature.....	37
Deficiency in temperature.....	39
Excess in temperature since March 1.....	116
Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1.....	355
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1.....	1.39
Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1.....	2.47

## MEETINGS IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, December 28.—International relations, legislative reference bureaus and congressional procedure will be the chief subjects considered by the American Political Science Association, which will hold its tenth annual meeting here this week. Sessions will begin on Tuesday and extend until Thursday.

## IN MEMORY OF THE MAINE

Washington, December 28.—Elaborate plans to commemorate the sixteenth anniversary of the sinking of the United States battleship Maine in Havana harbor on February 15, are being laid here. The celebration is to include the presence of President Wilson, the Cuban minister, members of the army and navy committees of the House and Senate and those of the crew of the ill-fated battleship who survived the disaster. The National Arlington Cemetery has been chosen as the scene of the ceremony.

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## Next Year---

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You can open an account with \$1 or more, and gradually build up a big sum. We help with interest at 3 per cent, compounded semi-annually.

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